### Contaminated Sites on Reserve, Manitoba Region (CSOR)

### **Funding Sources**

Federal Contaminated Sites Action Plan (FCSAP)

**Contaminates Sites On Reserve (CSOR)** 

### **History and Context**

- The CSOR Program is a national initiative that supports the assessment and remediation of contaminated sites on reserve lands, and lands under the Department's custodial responsibility.
  - 1992 Environment Issues Inventory and Remediation Plan (EIIRP)
  - 2003 Contaminated Sites Management Program (CSMP)
  - 2005 Federal Contaminated Sites Action Plan (FCSAP)
  - 2015 Contaminated Sites on Reserve Program (CSOR)
- The CSOR Program is delivered jointly through collaboration with First Nations, providing opportunities for increased capacity for environmental management.

# Federal Contaminated Sites Action Plan

- Since 2005, CSOR has been supported by Environment Canada's Federal Contaminated Sites Action Plan (FCSAP) Program - a horizontal initiative involving 19 federal departments, agencies and Crown corporations.
  - FCSAP renewed another 15 years (2020-2034) with \$1.16 billion announced for Phase IV (2020-2025)
  - Custodians subject to cost share requirement (80% assessment, 85% remediation)
  - ISC will receive ~\$184 million during Phase IV

# Federal Contaminated Sites Action Plan

#### What is it?

The federal contaminated Sites Action Plan (FCSAP) supports government departments and other agencies to assess, remediate and risk manage contaminated sites under their responsibility

#### FCSAP aims to reduce:

- 1. Environmental and human heath risks from known federal contaminated sites
- Federal financial liabilities associated with these sites.

# Federal Contaminated Sites Action Plan

What are the federal contaminated sites?

These are sites that contain substances at the levels above what is considered safe to human health or the environment.

- a) They are areas owned or leased by the federal government, or
- b) Areas where the government has accepted responsibility for the contamination.

# How Do We Manage a Federal Contaminated Site?

Through the following Five Stages:

#### 1. Identification

Finding a potentially contaminated site.

#### 2. Assessment

Understanding the source and magnitude of the contamination

### 3. Remediation/Risk Management

Removing the contaminants through

On-site treatment

Off-site disposal

**Block exposure** 

# How Do We Manage a Federal Contaminated Site?

### 4. Monitoring

Ensuring that remediation/risk management remains effective.

#### 5. Closure

Closing a site when risks are reduced to levels that are considered safe to human health and the environment.

There are different risk level depending on the intended land use.

### The 10-step process

Step 1: Identify Suspect Site

Step 2: Historical Review

Step 3: Initial Testing Program

Step 4: Classify Site (optional)

Step 5: Detailed Testing Program

Step 6: Re-Classify Site

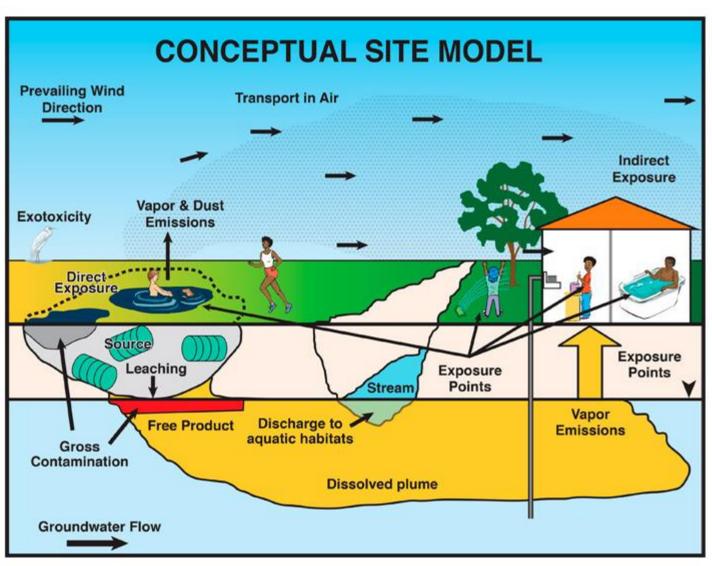
Step 7: Develop Remediation/Risk Management Strategy

Step 8: Implement Remediation/Risk Management Strategy

Step 9: Confirmatory Sampling and Final Reporting

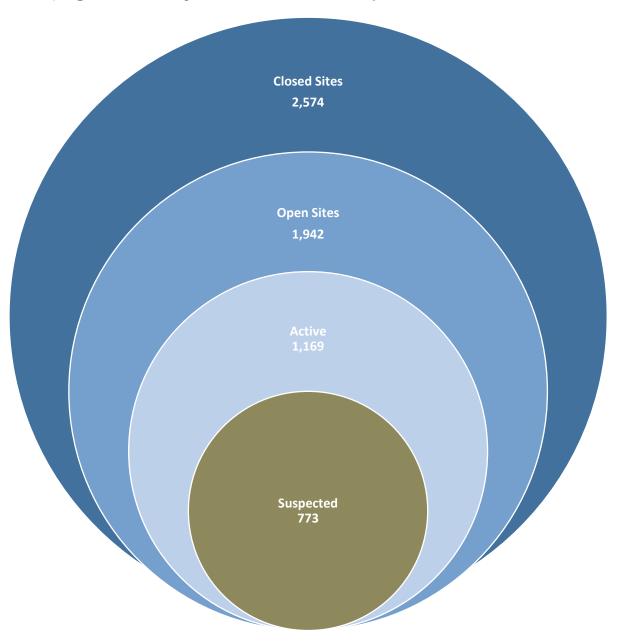
Step 10: Long-Term Monitoring (if required)

# Conceptual Site Model showing the migration pathways of petroleum from source to receptors

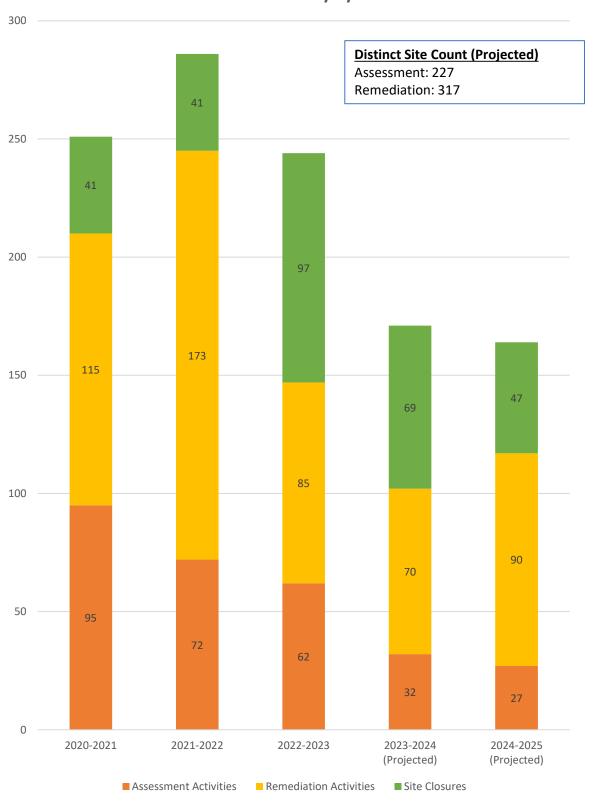


### CSOR PROGRAM AT A GLANCE

- Program Liability = \$337M
- Average Site Liability = \$472K
  (Figures as of March 31, 2023)



#### **CSOR Site Activity by Year**



### FCSAP Phase V 2025- 2030

- Increased focus on prevention
- Increased funding for assessment
- Focus on results closing 'stale' projects
- Final funding allocations still pending from Treasury Board

### Challenges

- Remote sites increasing unreliability of Winter Road
- Lack of confirmed Prevention Funding and a Direct line of O&M for Fuel Assets
- Developing a vision to support the replacement of polluting energy sources with greener energy sources
- Incorporation of Indigenous Knowledge and Science into contaminated sites management
- Engaging Indigenous People in a meaningful way

### **CSOR**

**QUESTIONS????**